## Implantable contact lens (ICL) and phakic intraocular lens (PIOL) surgery Informed consent document

This document is a legal document. You need to sign it to give the surgeon your written permission to treat you. It is important that you bring this document with you on the day of your treatment. If you do not understand anything in this document, please ask us for more information.

treatment. If you do not understand anything in the	is document, please ask us for more information.
Patient's name:	Patient's central ID:
Eye (or eyes) to be treated: Right eye Left eye	
Informed consent	an independent practitioner at the end of this form.
Background information	I am aware of the facts stated above.
We aim to tell you all about the risks, benefits and alternative treatment options of implantable contact lenses (ICL) and phakic intraocular lens (PIOL) surgery.	Write your initials here:
It is important for you to understand that there are risks with any type of surgery. This informed consent document, along with the information you received at your pre-treatment consultation, is designed to make sure that you can fully	I understand that my surgeon may decide to change the type of procedure I have if a different surgical approach would be safer or would provide a better outcome.
consider the risks and benefits of the surgery you have been scheduled for and make an informed decision on whether or not to go ahead with the treatment.	Write your initials here:
We are giving you all this information before your treatment so that you have enough time to consider all aspects of	Before your treatment you must tell your surgeon if any of the following applies.
your treatment before your surgery.  The information in this document applies to all types of ICL and PIOL surgery.	<ul> <li>You have any eye problems including amblyopia (lazy eye), strabismus (muscle imbalance which can cause double vision), severe dry eyes or any recurrent (keeps coming back), residual (an after-effect of another condition) or active eye conditions.</li> </ul>
Please initial each point below to confirm that you understand the information.	You are a carrier of methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) or have been exposed to MRSA.
Your surgeon will decide whether you are le for treatment after carrying out a careful examination, discussing the	<ul> <li>You have any general health conditions, including back problems, claustrophobia or other psychological conditions (including any history of anxiety or depression).</li> </ul>
treatment with you and considering your optometrist's opinion. The surgeon's decision will be based on your individual needs.	<ul> <li>You have any implants, including a cardiac pacemaker, insulin implant or other electronic implanted device.</li> </ul>
Your Surgeon may elect to postpone your procedure to a	<ul> <li>You are allergic to any medications or latex.</li> </ul>
future day should they believe that additional diagnostic tests or additional medical specialist support is required to allow delivery of your treatment.	<ul> <li>You are taking or using any medications, eye drops or supplements, including vitamins or nutritional supplements you have bought 'over the counter' without a prescription.</li> </ul>
Please tell your GP that you are considering ICL or PIOL surgery, as they can give you independent medical advice.	<ul> <li>Your current or planned occupation prevents you from having any type of lens surgery or laser eye surgery.</li> </ul>
If you have any questions about your treatment, you should ask your surgeon before you sign this document.	You have had an eye injury or eye surgery in the past.
The purpose of this part of the document is to confirm that you have understood all of the information you have	<ul> <li>You are pregnant, breastfeeding or could possibly be pregnant.</li> </ul>
received and to keep a record of your decision to go ahead with the treatment.  I have read and understood the points discussed in this	It is vital that you have fully and accurately filled in the health questionnaire that you received at your pre-treatment consultation before you meet your surgeon for treatment.
section.	This information is extremely important as it will help your
Write your initials here:	surgeon to decide whether you are suitable for treatment.  I have read and understood this section and have met all the conditions.
I understand that my surgeon will be registered with the General Medical Council. I understand I should visit www.gmc-uk.org for the benefits this offers me.	Write your initials here:
I also understand my surgeon may be an independent	General information

practitioner using facilities you have provided. You will tell me whether my surgeon is an Optical Express surgeon or There are two types of surgical procedures described in this document. Both ICL or PIOL surgery are intended to

reduce or eliminate the need for you to wear glasses or contact lenses.

Both procedures involve inserting an artificial lens implant into your eye. The natural lens of the eye is not removed.

There are several types of lenses which can be implanted during ICL or PIOL surgery. Each type of lens essentially works in the same way. The main differences are related to the way they are positioned and held in place.

The procedures involved in ICL or PIOL surgery are explained in more detail in the information you received at your pre-treatment consultation.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:

Just before your surgery, we may give you a sedative to help you relax. We will also give you a local anaesthetic to numb the eye, and we may give you eye drops to dilate the pupil, depending on the type of lens we are using. During surgery you will be in a comfortable lying position. You will need to lie as still as possible.

You will be awake and be aware of a bright light, but you will not be able to see what is happening. Your surgeon will make a tiny incision at the side of the cornea (the clear front part of the eye). They will insert the lens through the incision and position it in the space between the cornea and the natural lens of the eye. Some lenses are positioned in front of the iris (the coloured part of the eye) and some behind the iris. The incisions are made with the intention that they will seal on their own, but occasionally one or two stitches may be needed. If you need stitches, we will do these under local anaesthetic. The stitching procedure is painless and takes about 20 minutes in total. We will give you antibiotic eye drops to reduce the risk of infection. After your surgery we will place a protective shield over the eye.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:

There is a significant amount of medical evidence which shows that ICL and PIOL procedures are safe and effective. However, it is not possible to absolutely guarantee that ICL or PIOL surgery will improve your vision or that you will not need other types of treatment to correct your vision.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:

Although we confirmed that your prescription was stable at the time of your pre-treatment consultation, it is still possible for you to develop further short-sightedness, long-sightedness or astigmatism over time after treatment, even if the treatment is successful in correcting your vision.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:

ICL or PIOL surgery involves inserting an artificial lens into your eye. We decide the power of the new lens as accurately as we reasonably can before the treatment, to reduce or correct short-sightedness, long-sightedness

or astigmatism. However, because healing patterns are unpredictable and because of other surgical factors (for example, the exact position the artificial lens settles in after the surgery), we may not achieve the result we are aiming for after one or several treatments, even with the correct lens power. So, even after treatment, you may still need glasses or contact lenses, or need laser eye surgery or further lens replacement surgery, to achieve the best vision possible.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:	
write your initials fiere.	

As part of your lens surgery you can choose to have a monofocal (single focus) lens implant to correct your vision at one distance, typically for far vision and wear separate glasses for close-up work. The aim of this approach is that you are left with very clear distance vision with both eyes. The disadvantage is that you will need to wear glasses, typically for near vision.

I have read and understand this section. I understand that if I choose monofocal lens implants to correct my vision at one distance, I may need to use glasses after my treatment.

Write your initials here:	
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When we are young, our eyes can focus at all distances, from very distant objects to very near objects (like an auto-focus camera). This ability to focus weakens throughout life. From about the age of 40, this loss of near focus begins to affect our ability to read and see close-up things clearly. This weakening continues until you are about 60 years old, at which time you have almost no ability to change focus. The loss of ability to focus results in the need for reading glasses, even for people who have previously had excellent distance and near vision without glasses. This process (called 'presbyopia') happens in everyone.

People with presbyopia usually need bifocal, varifocal or separate reading glasses to see clearly at close range. If you are short-sighted, you can compensate for this loss of near focus simply by taking your glasses off or your contact lenses out. If you are short-sighted and choose to have both eyes treated to give you the best distance vision, you will lose the ability to compensate for your loss of near focus.

The most important thing to remember is that if you have presbyopia and choose to have both eyes treated to give you the best distance vision, you will need to wear glasses for most near-vision activities after treatment, not just reading. This includes most close-up tasks, such as using a computer, looking at your mobile phone, applying make-up, reading a menu and so on.

I have read and understand this section. I understand the issues of presbyopia, loss of ability to read and focus, and the need for glasses. I understand that if I have presbyopia and choose to have my distance vision corrected in both eyes, I will need to wear glasses for most near-vision activities after having laser eye surgery.

Write your initials here:	

An alternative method of treatment for patients with presbyopia is a technique called 'monovision', where a single-focus lens for best distance vision is implanted in one eye and a single-focus lens for best near vision is implanted in the other eye. The possible advantage of this technique is that it gives you a better range of vision and reduces the need for glasses.

This combination of a distance eye and a reading eye may

allow you to see clearly at both far and near distances without glasses. Monovision has been used successfully for many contact lens wearers and for patients who have had laser eye surgery. Possible disadvantages include reduced overall quality of vision and a reduced ability of both eyes to work together to help with depth of vision (depth perception).

It can also take some time for your eyes to adapt to the new lenses and you may still need glasses for certain tasks. If your eyes do not adapt, it may be necessary for you to have further treatment.

I understand that if I choose to be treated using the 'monovision' technique, my depth perception and overall quality of vision may be reduced, and I may still need glasses for certain tasks. I understand that with the 'monovision' technique my eyes can take time to adapt to the new lenses and I may need further treatment.

Write your initials here:
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ICL and PIOL surgery will not correct other causes of poor vision such as amblyopia (lazy eye), vitreous opacities (floaters), cataracts, glaucoma, diabetes, age-related macular degeneration or other conditions of the retina or optic nerve.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:
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After having ICL or PIOL surgery, it is possible that you may develop eye conditions that are unrelated to, and not caused by or prevented by, ICL or PIOL surgery, such as glaucoma, cataracts, vitreous opacities (floaters), age-related macular degeneration and other conditions of the retina.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:	
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## Alternatives to ICL or PIOL surgery

Your treatment is an elective procedure. This means you can choose whether or not to have it.

There are other ways to correct your vision, some which involve surgery and some which do not, including glasses, contact lenses, another type of lens surgery and laser eye surgery, which may be able to help with your condition.

You have received this document because we have recommended ICL or PIOL surgery as the best procedure to meet the goals you have identified during your pre-treatment consultation. However, if you would like more information about other treatment options, please ask us.

I understand that ICL or PIOL surgery is an elective procedure and that I do not have to have the treatment. I understand that there are effective alternatives to ICL or PIOL surgery.

Write your initials here:	

Cataracts develop when the natural lens inside your eye becomes discoloured and cloudy and reduces your vision. Patients aged 60 or older have a higher risk of developing cataracts than younger patients. This is a natural ageing process that happens in everyone, but progresses at different rates in different people. It is impossible to predict

the age at which cataracts will begin to affect your vision. Some patients never get to a point where cataracts affect their vision.

There is a small risk that the lens that is implanted during ICL or PIOL surgery could cause a cataract to develop early. It is also possible that you could develop cataracts as part of the natural ageing process after having ICL or PIOL surgery, even if there were no signs of cataracts at your pre-treatment consultation. The treatment for cataracts is a surgical procedure during which the natural cloudy lens is replaced with a clear artificial lens that is implanted inside the eye. If you develop cataracts after ICL or PIOL surgery to improve your vision, you may need to have a cataract procedure in which both the natural lens and the lens that was implanted as part of the ICL or PIOL surgery are both removed and replaced with a different type of artificial lens designed for cataract surgery.

It is important to understand that there is an alternative treatment to ICL or PIOL surgery which also prevents cataracts. The treatment is called 'refractive lens exchange' (RLE), and is a form of ICL or PIOL surgery. The advantages of RLE are that it could permanently correct your vision (like laser eye surgery) and that it will prevent you from developing cataracts later in life. Some disadvantages of RLE include the possibility that you may still need a laser procedure or other treatment to 'fine tune' your vision after RLE. Your optometrist or surgeon will discuss RLE with you if you would like more information. For most patients under 40 who are unsuitable for laser eye surgery, ICL or PIOL surgery is likely to be the best option, but it is important that you understand that RLE can be an alternative.

I understand the issues relating to cataracts, and that RLE is an alternative to ICL or PIOL surgery. All of my questions have been answered. I would like to go ahead with ICL or PIOL surgery instead of RLE surgery.

## Possible risks, complications and desired results

Due to uncertainties in healing patterns and other aspects of surgery, we may not fully achieve the desired result from the treatment you are scheduled for after a single procedure. So, even after surgery, you could be short-sighted, long-sighted or have astigmatism and may need to wear glasses or contact lenses or have more surgery. Your eyes may also go back towards their original prescription.

Laser enhancement surgery may be possible when your prescription is stable, there is enough corneal tissue available and there are no medical reasons why laser eye surgery could not be safely carried out.

Although laser enhancement surgery is generally very effective, there are extra risks involved, and we cannot guarantee we will achieve the result we are aiming for. We normally consider laser enhancement surgery three to six months after ICL or PIOL surgery.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:	
write your initials fiere.	

The results of surgery cannot be guaranteed and you may need further treatment or surgery (or both) to achieve a result you are happy with.

I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.

Write your initials here:	
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At some point in the future, due to unforeseeable circumstances, we may need to reposition, remove or exchange the lens that is implanted as part of the ICL or PIOL surgery, regardless of the type of lens that is used.	We do not recommend that you travel alone for at least two hours after your eye surgery (even if you are travelling a route you know well) or for a week following eye surgery (where you are travelling a route you do not know well).
I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.  Write your initials here:	We cannot predict how you will feel after your eye surgery, and whether you will be able to safely use transport (either public transport or your own transport). For example, you may feel drowsy or disorientated, or have restricted vision.
write your initials fiele.	I understand that if I decide to travel on my own following
ICL or PIOL surgery can, in certain circumstances, be reversible. If there is a complication that is related to the implanted lens, such as a significant increase in pressure in the eye (secondary pupil block glaucoma), it may be	the treatment, this is at my own risk.  Write your initials here:
possible to remove the lens or replace it with a different type that may correct the problem.	To achieve the best result and reduce the risks, I agree to follow the medication regime the surgeon or optometrist
I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.	prescribes and the aftercare routine described in the information documents.
Write your initials here:	I agree to follow the aftercare advice you give me relating to protecting my eyes and I will take my medications, including my antibiotic and anti-inflammatory drops, as prescribed.
Night-vision disturbance, such as glare and 'halos', or double vision or seeing 'ghosts' around things are common	Write your initials here:
immediately after ICL or PIOL surgery, but in most cases these symptoms gradually disappear over a period of weeks or months following the treatment. In rare cases, night-vision problems may last for longer or could be permanent.	Due to the position of the lens within the eye, it is important that your eye health is checked every year and the thickness of certain layers of the outer surface of the eye (known as the cornea) is measured.
I understand the above and all of my questions have been answered.	I understand the above, acknowledge your recommendation and agree to have yearly eye examinations.
Write your initials here:	Write your initials here:
	write your initials fiere.
You will be given an anaesthetic as part of the ICL or PIOL surgery. There are risks associated with the use of anaesthetic, including a squint or 'lazy eye', droopy eyelids, enlarged pupils, partial or complete blindness, and cardiac and respiratory problems.	Treating both eyes ICL or PIOL surgery is carried out on one eye at a time. If there are no complications, the surgery on the second eye can usually take place within one week of the surgery on the first eye. During the time between the first and second eye
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Write your initials here:

Use of personal information	I was provided with my ICL or PIOL terms and conditions and informed consent documents at the time of my
I understand personal information relating to my treatment will be used to help you provide my treatment, review my	consultation.
treatment, give me advice about additional treatment, carry out any additional treatment, and manage your business	Write your initials here:
properly, for example to allow you to keep accurate records and for quality-control purposes.	I received my ICL or PIOL terms and conditions and informations and consent documents at least 24 hours before my surgery.
Write your initials here:	Write your initials here:
I understand information relating to my treatment will be used for research purposes, for statistical analysis, in connection with academic and scientific papers, presentations and other publications. I understand that that information relating to my treatment and used for these purposes will not reveal my identity.	I confirm that I have taken enough time to carefully and thoroughly read and understand the information in this document and the other information I received during my pre-treatment consultation.
Write your initials here:	Write your initials here:
I understand that Optical Express may receive my medical records, including, but not be limited to, reports, charts, medical history and record entries by different doctors or healthcare professionals, photographs, findings, ophthalmic (eye) or other scans, radiographs (x-rays), prescriptions, diagnosis, medical testing, test results, billing, and other treatment records in my doctor's possession ("Medical Records") to the extent necessary for treatment, determination of clinical management plans, customer service, and billing. My Medical Records will only be	I confirm that I have not been placed under any pressure and I do not feel obliged to have treatment. I understand that the decision whether to go ahead with ICL or PIOL surgery (whichever applies) is mine alone, and should be based on the information I have received in this document and during my pre-treatment consultation.  Write your initials here:  I confirm that all my questions have been answered, and I am satisfied with the answers. I understand that ICL or
shared with third parties if this is covered by my consent or otherwise permitted by the applicable law. Optical Express may also use this information for internal educational and internal data review and analysis purposes.	PIOL surgery is an elective procedure (which means that I can choose whether or not to have this procedure). I understand that there are other ways to correct vision, some which involve surgery and some which do not.
I will not, nor shall anyone on my behalf seek legal,	The risks and benefits of treatment have been thoroughly explained to me.
equitable or monetary damages or remedies for such disclosure. I acknowledge that use of my Medical Records	I give my consent to go ahead with the surgery.
is without compensation and that I will not nor shall anyone on my behalf have any right of approval, claim of compensation, or seek or obtain legal, equitable or monetary damages or remedies arising out of any use such that comply with the terms of this Consent.	Write your initials here:
Write your initials here:	
Patient declaration	
We advise you to take enough time to carefully and thoroughly read and understand the information in this document, and the other information you receive during your pre-treatment consultation. If you have not read or understood all of this information, please let us know and do not go ahead with the treatment.	
Further to my consultation with my optometrist I have taken part in a discussion with a second clinician who also discussed with me the risks, benefits and alternatives to laser eye surgery.	

At my consultation I watched the ICL or PIOL consent video which explained the risks and benefits of, and alternatives to, ICL or PIOL surgery, and emphasised the importance of

Write your initials here:

Write your initials here:

this informed consent document.

and informed consent documents at the time of my consultation.	
Write your initials here:	
I received my ICL or PIOL terms and conditions and informed consent documents at least 24 hours before my surgery.	
Write your initials here:	
I confirm that I have taken enough time to carefully and thoroughly read and understand the information in this document and the other information I received during my pre-treatment consultation.	
Write your initials here:	
I confirm that I have not been placed under any pressure and I do not feel obliged to have treatment. I understand that the decision whether to go ahead with ICL or PIOL surgery (whichever applies) is mine alone, and should be based on the information I have received in this document and during my pre-treatment consultation.	
Write your initials here:	
I confirm that all my questions have been answered, and I am satisfied with the answers. I understand that ICL or PIOL surgery is an elective procedure (which means that I can choose whether or not to have this procedure). I understand that there are other ways to correct vision, some which involve surgery and some which do not.	
The risks and benefits of treatment have been thoroughly explained to me.	
I give my consent to go ahead with the surgery.	
Write your initials here:	

## Confirmation of declaration Witness declaration Please confirm you want to go ahead with the surgery by Witness's signature: writing the following statement in the box below. 'Having considered the information I received at my pre-treatment consultation and the information in Witness's full name (print): this document, and discussed the risks, side effects, possible outcomes and benefits of treatment with my optometrist, second clinician and surgeon, I am happy to go ahead with the surgery. I understand I am Witness's date of birth: under no obligation to do so.' Witness profession: Role in informed consent process: Date of witness's signature: Surgeon declaration I have discussed the intended procedure with the patient. I am satisfied that the patient has read this informed consent document, and understands it and the risks and benefits of, and alternatives to, the treatment. The patient has told me that I have answered all their questions to their satisfaction. The patient has also told me they are willing to accept the risks associated with the intended treatment, and voluntarily Your signature: agrees to have laser eye surgery. I agree to accept this patient on the above terms and provide treatment as set out in this document. Your full name (print): Surgeon's signature: Your date of birth: Surgeon's full name (print): Date of your pre-treatment consultation: Date of surgeon's signature: Date of your signature: Surgeon's status (please tick as appropriate): Employee of Optical Express Independent practitioner Witness declaration Notes: Witness's signature: Witness's full name (print): Witness's date of birth: Witness profession: Role in informed consent process:

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Date of witness's signature: